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Title: **Attack in Utrecht: the Erdogan connection?**

Description: *The day before the Utrecht attack, Turkish President Recep Tayyip Erdogan shared a video of the Christchurch attack with his followers. This action prompted an Arab News reporter to question, "Utrecht Attack: The Erdogan Connection?"*

Author: Arab News

Date: March 19, 2019

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Utrecht attack: The Erdogan connection?

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Updated 19 March
2019

ARAB NEWS

March 19, 2019
00:48

376

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Follow

- Saturday, 4 p.m.: Turkish president uses footage of Christchurch massacre to inflame election supporters
- Monday, 11 a.m: Turkish gunman in Netherlands shoots three people dead in rampage on tram

ANKARA: Turkish President Recep Tayyip Erdogan was heavily criticized on Monday for using the New Zealand mosque terrorist's video footage to

Saudi Arabia will see more fintech unicorns 'soon,' head of Kingdom's top fintech body says
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In Germany, Syrians worry Afghan crisis could fuel anti-migrant vote
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(<https://www.arabnews.com/45thanniversary>).

inflame his supporters at election rallies.

After Erdogan spoke, a Turkish gunman in the Netherlands shot three people dead on a tram. Gokmen Tanis, 37, was arrested on Monday night after an eight-hour manhunt in the Dutch city of Utrecht. Police said initially the incident was a terrorist attack, but they have not ruled out a family dispute.

The Turkish leader used the video footage, filmed by Brenton Tarrant as he killed 50 people in two mosques in Christchurch on Friday, at a series of election rallies the following day. He said Tarrant's manifesto was to keep Turks from Europe.

As the footage of Friday's attack played on a screen,

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HIGHLIGHTS

● President Erdogan's use of the video footage, which social media companies have been trying to block from their sites, was condemned in both New Zealand and Turkey.

● New Zealand Foreign Minister Winston Peters raised the issue on a visit by Turkish Foreign Minister Mevlut Cavusoglu.

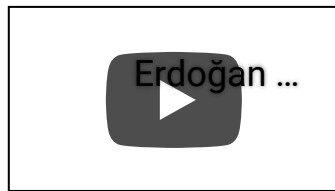
Erdogan said: “What does it say? That we shouldn’t go west of the Bosphorus, meaning Europe. Otherwise, he would come to Istanbul, kill us all, drive us out of our land.”

Erdogan’s use of the video footage, which social media companies have been trying to block from their sites, was condemned in both New Zealand and Turkey. New Zealand Foreign Minister Winston Peters raised the issue on a visit by Turkish Foreign Minister Mevlut Cavusoglu.

“Anything of that nature that misrepresents this country ... imperils

the future and safety of the New Zealand people and our people abroad, and it's totally unfair," Peters said.

"We had a long dialogue on the need for any other country, or Turkey for that matter, to ensure that our country, New Zealand, was not misrepresented."



Turkey's main opposition CHP party spokesman Faik Oztrak, said: "Is it worth showing this bloody massacre in order to gain a few more votes?"

In Utrecht, the man arrested for shooting dead three people on a tram had been detained previously on suspicion of being

connected to Daesh,
after he went to
Chechnya to fight.

Gokmen Tanis, 37, is
from Turkey's
central Yozgat
province, the scene
of several anti-
Daesh operations in
recent years. He has
lived in the
Netherlands since
1993.

Tanis was known to
police for both
minor and major
crimes, including a
shooting in 2013.



Suspect
Gokmen Tanis is
from Turkey's
Yozgat province,
the scene of
several anti-
Daesh
operations in
recent years.

AFP

The shooting took place in Kanaleneiland, a quiet residential district on the outskirts of Utrecht with a large immigrant population.

Dutch Prime Minister Mark Rutte convened crisis talks immediately after the incident.

“Our country has today been shocked by an attack in Utrecht. A terrorist motive cannot be excluded,” he said.

Dutch police issued an image of Tanis and warned the public not to approach him.

“It’s frightening that something like this can happen so close to home,” said Omar Rahhou, whose parents lived on a street cordoned off by police. “These things normally

happen far away but
this brings it very
close, awful.”



Topics:

NEW ZEALAND MOSQUE
ATTACK
(./TAXONOMY/TERM/307001).

NEW ZEALAND MOSQUE
SHOOTINGS
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NEW ZEALAND TERRORIST
ATTACK
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Al- New
Jubeir Zealand
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terrorism gunman
has ‘no (./node/1467871).
religion
or race’
in wake

of
Christchurch
attack
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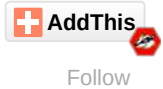
Extinction
Rebellion
occupy
Norway's oil
ministry as
part of 10-day
protest
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Updated 7 min 12
sec ago

OSLO: Some 150
Extinction Rebellion

August 23, 2021



activists blocked access to the Norwegian energy ministry in Oslo on Monday as part of an ongoing 10-day campaign to protest against the Nordic country's oil industry.

Norway is Western Europe's largest producer of crude and natural gas, pumping some four million barrels of oil equivalent per day.

Around 17 campaigners, some with "Ban oil" written on their palms, occupied the reception area of the ministry in central Oslo, while dozens of others demonstrated outside.

"For decades we have written letters, we have spoken out, we have demonstrated. You let us speak but you are not listening," Hanna Kristina

Jakobsen, 22, told
the crowd via
megaphone.

“This is why we do
peaceful civil
disobedience now.
We are desperate.”

Following the
publication of the
latest IPCC report
on Aug. 9, climate
change has become
a focal point of
debate ahead of an
election on Sept. 13,
in which Norway’s
center-left
opposition is
expected to defeat
[https://www.reuters.com/world/europe/norway-
government-faces-
big-defeat-sept-
election-poll-
shows-2021-08-10](https://www.reuters.com/world/europe/norway-government-faces-big-defeat-sept-election-poll-shows-2021-08-10)
the incumbent
Conservative-led
coalition.

In a separate
location, 29
protesters were
arrested when they
blocked a major
road in the city and
refused to comply
with police orders

to move, Oslo police said on Twitter.

Extinction Rebellion is also planning protests elsewhere in Europe, with two weeks of demonstrations starting on Monday in London.

Norway Minister of Petroleum and Energy Tina Bru said that, while she shared the worry over climate change, the protesters were using what she called anti-democratic methods that would not lead to results.

“We’ll never succeed in the fight against climate change if we scrap democracy on the way,” Bru said in a statement.

Earlier this week Extinction Rebellion activists blocked access to an Equinor-run oil export facility on

Norway's west
coast, temporarily
halting the loading
of oil. (Reporting by
Gwladys Fouche,
Terje Solsvik and
Nerijus Adomaitis
Editing by Raissa
Kasolowsky and
Mark Porter)



In Germany, Syrians worry Afghan crisis could fuel anti-migrant vote (/node/1915841).



REUTERS

August 23, 2021
12:36



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800,000
Syrians have
been
granted
protection in
Germany
since war
broke out in
Syria a
decade ago

BERLIN: With just five weeks to go before Germany holds an election that decides who succeeds Chancellor Angela Merkel, Syrians on asylum visas are concerned that an Afghan migrant crisis could fuel an anti-immigrant vote and block their path to citizenship.

Some leaders of the far-right Alternative for Germany (AfD) party are warning about a possible influx of Afghan refugees, seeking to draw voters fearing a repeat of the 2015 migrant crisis when Merkel opened Germany's borders to almost one million asylum seekers.

The Taliban's lightning takeover of Afghanistan has sparked a chaotic flight of thousands of Afghans and foreigners from Kabul airport this week, raising fears of a larger exodus across land borders as the Islamist militants impose sharia law.

Germany's scramble to evacuate thousands of local helpers from Afghanistan, along with its own citizens, has turned immigration into a big issue in the election: a poll last week showed that two-thirds of Germans fear a repetition of 2015.

Anas Modamani, among the close to 800,000 Syrians who fled the war back home and resettled in Germany, is still waiting to qualify for citizenship. Now he is afraid the Afghan crisis could

harden German
voters against
immigration and
prompt the next
coalition
government to
adopt tougher
policies.

Modamani
describes Merkel,
with whom he posed
for a selfie at a
Berlin migrants
shelter in
September 2015, as a
“hero” thanks to her
decision that year to
open Germany’s
border to almost
one million asylum
seekers, mainly
Syrians.

“I’m worried about
what immigration
policies will come
our way once she’s
no longer
chancellor,” said
Modamani, 24, as
Merkel prepares to
step down after
Germany’s Sept. 26
election.

His picture with
Merkel became a
symbol of her
decision in 2015 to
gamble her political

capital on
welcoming 1 million
unscreened
migrants, mainly
from Syria. But her
conservative
Christian
Democrats now vow
there can be no
repeat of 2015.

The far-right party
has urged the
government to
institute a
moratorium on
asylum applications,
hoping its tough line
will draw voters
fearing a spike in
asylum applications.

“I know that most
Germans will not
vote for the AfD,”
said Modamani.
“But a small part of
me is like: what if
the AfD are just a bit
stronger and the
next government
responds by making
it harder for us to
apply for German
citizenship, for
example?”

Karl Kopp, director
of the Pro Asyl
charity for asylum
seekers, said

concerns about a possible hardening of Germany's immigration policy are widespread, not just among Syrians, but also the wider migrant community, especially Afghans desperate to bring in family members stuck in Afghanistan.

“The tragic events in Afghanistan have resulted in a toxic discussion about immigration,” said Kopp. “When refugees hear the negative narrative that 2015 should not repeat itself, they worry about tougher immigration rules after the election. Their fears are justified.”

More than 800,000 Syrians have been granted protection in Germany since war broke out in Syria a decade ago. The vast majority do not yet have German citizenship but hope to get it in the next

few years when they meet residency criteria.

Opinion polls put support for the AfD at 10 percent or slightly more, just below its result at the last election in 2017. The major parties have all ruled out sharing power with the AfD but migrants worry it could influence policy when Merkel goes.

AfD co-leader Tino Chrupalla has rejected calls by the ecologist Greens to take in Afghan asylum seekers beyond those who helped the German army, saying such plans would constitute “a threat to the population.”

Fawaz Tello, a Syrian dissident who is also waiting for citizenship, said: “If the AfD wins two or three points more, whoever succeeds Merkel could say ‘let’s

suspend the right
for refugees to bring
immediate family
members.' Look at
Denmark."

Many Syrians in
Germany have been
unsettled by
neighboring
Denmark's decision
this year to deport
Syrian asylum
seekers to parts of
Syria that the
government of
center-left Prime
Minister Mette
Frederiksen
considers safe.

Five weeks before
the election,
Merkel's
conservatives have a
razor-thin lead in
polls. Their
candidate to
succeed her as
chancellor, Armin
Laschet, has seen
his ratings slump
since he was seen
laughing on a visit
to a flood-stricken
town.

Modamani, who
should be entitled to
German citizenship
next year, said if he

could vote in
September he would
cast a ballot for
Laschet because of a
sense of awe for
Merkel. “I can’t
imagine life in
Germany without
her,” he added.

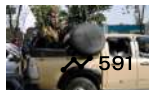


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AFGHANISTAN
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Villagers evacuated as forest fire spreads near Athens (/node/1915836).



Updated 23 August
2021

REUTERS

August 23, 2021
15:58



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- Authorities ordered the protective clearance of the villages of Vilia and Profitis Ilias
- Over 500 wildfires have broken out across Greece since the

beginning of August

ATHENS: People were evacuated from two villages west of Athens on Monday as firefighters battled a new blaze in a forested area that was devastated by flames last week.

Authorities ordered the protective clearance of the villages of Vilia and Profitis Ilias, about 50 km (30 miles) from the Greek capital, as strong winds fanned the blaze. There were no immediate reports of injuries.

More than 500 wildfires have broken out across Greece since the beginning of August, ravaging swathes of forest and forcing the evacuation of thousands of people.

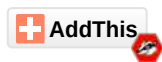
The biggest one, on the island of Evia near Athens, burned

for days before it
was contained.

Greece, Turkey,
Tunisia and other
countries across the
Mediterranean
region have seen
some of their
highest
temperatures in
decades this
summer.

A total of 85
firefighters, 13
helicopters and
eight water
bombing planes
were sent in to
contain the wildfire
west of Athens on
Monday, a fire
brigade official said.

More than 9,000
hectares of thick
pine forest were
burned in the same
area last week.



Topics:

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(/TAXONOMY/TERM/19611)

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FORESTS
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Greek
wildfire
burns
through
pine
forest
for 4th
day
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Taliban warn
of
‘consequences’
if US extends
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Updated 23 August
2021

AFP

August 23, 2021
12:03

546

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- The hard-line Islamists' takeover of the country last weekend shocked Western nations
- The rush to leave Kabul has sparked harrowing scenes and killed at least eight people

KABUL: The Taliban warned on Monday there would be “consequences” if the United States and its allies extend their presence in Afghanistan beyond next week, as chaos continued to overwhelm Kabul airport.

The hard-line
Islamists' takeover
of the country last
weekend shocked
Western nations,
coming just two
weeks before an
August 31 deadline
for all troops to fully
withdraw from the
country.

To manage the
chaotic airlifting of
foreigners and
Afghans — many of
whom fear reprisals
for working with
Western nations —
thousands of
soldiers have
poured back into
Afghanistan, with
pressure growing
on Washington to
extend the deadline.

But the Taliban, who
have so far sought
to strike a more
moderate tone,
showed no
willingness to
compromise on the
US pullout.

“If the US or UK
were to seek
additional time to
continue
evacuations — the

answer is no. Or
there would be
consequences,”
Taliban spokesman
Suhail Shaheen told
Sky News on
Monday.

Staying beyond the
agreed deadline
would be “extending
occupation,” he
added.

Two Taliban sources
meanwhile told AFP
the group would not
announce the
makeup of its
government or
cabinet until the last
US soldier has left
the country.

The rush to leave
Kabul has sparked
harrowing scenes
and killed at least
eight people, some
crushed to death
while at least one
person died after
falling from a
moving plane.

One Afghan was
killed and three
others were injured
in a dawn firefight
on Monday that
according to the
German military

erupted between
Afghan guards and
unknown assailants.

German and
American troops
“participated in
further exchange of
fire,” the German
army said in a
statement.

The Taliban,
infamous for an
ultra-strict
interpretation of
sharia law during
their initial 1996-
2001 rule, have
repeatedly vowed a
softer version this
time.

President Biden has
insisted he wants to
end the US military
presence and the
airlifts by August 31.

But with the
European Union and
Britain saying it
would be impossible
to get everyone out
by then, Biden is
under pressure to
extend the deadline.

Speaking at the
White House on
Sunday, Biden said
talks were under

way to explore the possibility of extending the deadline.

He also acknowledged the tragic scenes at the airport, which have included babies and children being passed to soldiers over razor-wire fences and men clinging to the outside of departing planes.

But he said they were part of the cost of departure.

“There is no way to evacuate this many people without pain and loss and heartbreaking images you see,” he said.

In the streets of the capital, the Taliban have enforced a calm of a kind, with their armed forces patrolling the streets and manning checkpoints.

Visually, they have also been looking to stamp their

authority, ensuring the tri-colored national flag is replaced with their white banner.

At a roadside in Kabul at the weekend, young men sold Taliban flags, which bear in black text the Muslim proclamation of faith and the regime's formal name: "Islamic Emirate of Afghanistan."

"Our goal is to spread the flag of the Islamic Emirate throughout Afghanistan," said seller Ahmad Shakib, who studies economics at university.

Outside of Kabul, there have been flickers of resistance against the Taliban.

Some ex-government troops have gathered in the Panjshir Valley, north of the capital

— long known as an anti-Taliban bastion.

The Taliban said Monday their fighters had surrounded resistance forces holed up in the valley, but were looking to negotiate rather than take the fight to them.

Taliban fighters “are stationed near Panjshir,” spokesman Zabihullah Mujahid tweeted, saying they had the area surrounded on three sides.

“The Islamic Emirate is trying to resolve this issue peacefully,” he added.

The announcement follows scattered reports of clashes overnight, with pro-Taliban social media accounts claiming gunmen were massing, and Afghanistan’s former vice president Amrullah

Saleh saying
resistance forces
were holding strong.

One of the leaders
of the movement in
Panjshir, named the
National Resistance
Front, is the son of
famed anti-Taliban
commander Ahmad
Shah Massoud.

The NRF is prepared
for a “long-term
conflict” but is also
still seeking to
negotiate with the
Taliban about an
inclusive
government, its
spokesman Ali
Maisam Nazary told
AFP in an interview
on the weekend.

“The conditions for
a peace deal with
the Taliban are
decentralization, a
system that ensures
social justice,
equality, rights, and
freedom for all,” he
said.

Topics:

TALIBAN
(./TAXONOMY/TERM/881).

TALIBAN CAPTURE KABUL
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AFGHANISTAN
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says
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Booster
COVID-19
shots should

be delayed – WHO director– general (/node/1915756).




Updated 23 August
2021

REUTERS

August 23, 2021
10:14

978

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- Priority should be given to raising vaccination rates in countries where only 1 percent or 2 percent of the population has been inoculated

BUDAPEST: WHO
Director-General
Tedros Adhanom
Ghebreyesus said on
Monday that
COVID-19 booster

shots should be delayed as priority should be given to raising vaccination rates in countries where only 1 percent or 2 percent of the population has been inoculated.

If vaccination rates are not raised globally, stronger variants of the coronavirus could develop and vaccines intended as booster shots should be donated to countries where people have not received their first or second doses, he said during a visit to Budapest.

“In addition, there is a debate about whether booster shots are effective at all,” Ghebreyesus told a news conference with Hungarian Foreign Minister Peter Szijjarto.

Those whose immune system is compromised should get a booster

shot, though they represent only small percentage of the population, he added.

The WHO said last week current data does not indicate that COVID-19 booster shots are needed and that the most vulnerable people worldwide should be fully vaccinated before high-income countries deploy a top-up.

The United States announced last week it plans to make COVID-19 vaccine booster shots widely available starting on Sept. 20 as infections rise from the coronavirus Delta variant.

Hungary has already started widely distributing booster shots, with anyone eligible four months after they received their second dose of a coronavirus vaccine.



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(/TAXONOMY/TERM/341591)

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